FRIDAY.

1892-TWELVE PAGES.

DOORS OPENED TO ADMIT THE CHOLERA FIEND

FORTY SEVENTH YEAR.

State Inspection of Immigrants Proves to Be Nothing but a Farce.

THE MARYLAND LINE TOTALLY UNPROTECTED.

One Health Inspector Stationed at Cumberland, but He Has No Idea of His Duties.

AN EASY ROUTE FOR THE BLACK DEATH TO TRAVEL

No Ilace to Shelter a Case if It Should Arrive at the Eorders of the Etate of Pennsylvania.

The Quarantine Officer Without Instructions, Money, Hospital or Any Appliances to Treat a Case of Cholera-If He Should Find a Victim He Would be Utterly Helpless to Prevent the Spread of the Disease-Startling Results of a Visit to Cumberland, Md., by Immigrant Inspector Layton and Captain Crosby Gray, Chief Clerk to Chief Brown-Pittsburg at the Mercy of the Scourge.

It would be an easy matter for cholera to enter Pennsylvania from Maryland. The State Board of Health has practically no quarantine there. One uninstructed inspector is stationed at Cumberland, Md., but he does not know what he is there for.

A trifling inspection is made of all immigrants bound for Pennsylvania, while those going into West Virginia and Ohio pass the State lines unmolested. If a case of cholera were to be developed at the State line there is no one to take charge of it. Even the site for a hospital has not been selected and the inspector has his headquarters in Maryland, six miles from Pennsylvania.

Yesterday Immigrant Inspector Layton and Chief Clerk Crosby Gray, of the Department of Public Safety, visited Cumberland. They were sent down by Chief Brown to see what was being done, if anything, in the way of keeping cholers out of satisfactory state of affairs was found. They spent a day of hard work and offer good suggestions.

An Easy Route for Cholera. If they are carried out the quarantine will be very materially strengthened. If they are not this route from the east will be an easy one for cholera to travel.

Dr. J. S. Hackney, a district inspector for the State Board of Health, is the official in charge at Cumberland. The two Pittsburg officials and a DISPATCH reporter saw him yesterday. To the visitors he told the following story: "I was hurriedly ordered here by Dr. Lee about a week ago. I had no instruction when I came here and have received but a meager explanation of my duties since then.

"I am in Cumberland only as a matter of convenience. There has been no arrangement between Pennsylvania and Maryland allowing me to come here. The State line is six miles from here, at Ellerslie, but it is a very small place and has no accommodations. The orders I have received from Dr. Lee so far are that I inspect only immigrants going into Pennsylvania. If they do not have certificates of health from the New York quarantine I am to send them back. I was also informed to let the secretaries of the Board of Health of Kentucky and Illinois know if any immigrants pass here for those States.

Ignorant Even of Names. "This I cannot do, as I do not know the name of either secretary. I have nothing to do with the foreigners going to West Virginia and Ohio, and I do not think anyone has. I have had ten immigrants to inspect so far. They all had clear bills of health. Their certificates did not show that they had to pass an inspection at the Maryland line. I have never heard that there

was an inspection station there. "The State has not furnished me with any money yet. So far everything that I have done has been at my own expense. The Governor is still fishing yet, I suppose. There are a number of things which I lack. I cannot tell when a load of immigrants is coming until the train arrives in Cumberland. I have asked the railroad officials to give me several hours' notification, but so far they have failed to do it. I am also placed at another disadvantage. I have no interpreter and of course cannot make a thorough examination. I have written about these things but have gotten no reply. I am also handicapped in numerous other ways."

Totally Unprepared for Cholera.

Mesers. Layton and Gray then commenced asking questions. Asked Mr. Gray: "Doctor, if there were a case of cholera developed at Cumberland, what would you do?" "I hardly know," responded the Health Officer. "I have no instructions. I would, of course, try to keep it out of Pennsylvania. I guess there is a board of health in Cumberland. It would be its duty to take charge of the case and either care for

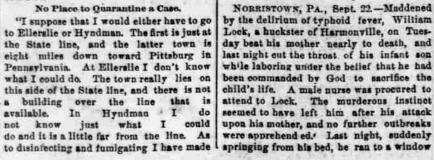
it or send the sick man back." "Would the town allow Pennsylvania to quarantine within its limits or the State of Maryland within its borders, and if they would not, then what would our State do?"

was asked.

State of Maryland would allow us to use its BATHED IN A CHILD'S BLOOD. ONE would object, I have no arrangements made for the reception of the sick. I would then

have to go to the State line and see what I No Place to Quarantine a Case.

"I suppose that I would either have to go to Ellerslie or Hyndman. The first is just at the State line, and the latter town is eight miles down toward Pittsburg in Pennsylvania. At Ellerslie I don't know what I could do. The town really lies on this side of the State line, and there is not a building over the line that is available. In Hyndman I do not know just what I could do and it is a little far from the line. As



PITTSBURG.

His Victim.

Under an Imaginary Divine Command-He Washes His Face in the Life Fluid of



The Cholera at Hamburg: Disinfecting the Road Where Tramours Are Running.

no preparation. I really do not know just what would be used or how it would be

The gentleman from Pittsburg asked of number of other questions. They were not at Cumberland to give orders to Dr. Hackney, but to find out what the State was doing in the way of looking out for Pittsburg's citizens. They were not satisfied and they showed it.

The party, accompanied by Dr. Hackney, went down to Ellerslie. There they made a thorough examination of the State line town. Mesars. Gray and Layton gave some very good suggestions about how to arrange a proper quarantine station there.

A Site for a Quarantine Station There are a number of side tracks at Ellerslie which run into the woods at the lower end of town, considerable distance from any house. The two gentlemen suggested that a hospital car be established on these sidetracks. A car for the sick and one for the well could run out on the tracks and the community would not be endangered. The sanitary arrangements of the site suggested are exceedingly good. The plan could be easily carried out. Mr. Layton felt sure that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company would be willing to furnish the cars and grant the use of the tracks. Dr. Hackney supposed this would be a good way to establish a quarantine station. He did not positively express himself on it. He would like to have it so the State. A very unsystematic and un- arranged that he would need to spend only two days a week at the State line. Mr. Gray tried to dissuade him of this idea and impress upon him the necessity of his exercising every caution to keep the cholera out

> of Pennsylvania. A Call on the B. & O.

Inspector Layton will call upon the Baltimore and Ohio officials to-day and request that Dr. Hackney be notified when immigrants leave Baltimore. This will help him greatly in his work. Mr. Layton will see that Hackney is furnished an interpreter.

It is the intention of the Pittsburg authorities to do all it can to aid the State officials. Mr. Layton thinks the Baltimore and Ohio will do anything it can to assist the State board. He thinks that the immigrants going into West Virginia and Ohio should be watched close, and that the Maryland Board of Health should guard its

NAT GOODWIN ON A TEAR.

His Company in the Throes of Dissolution -The Comedian Wins at Faro-He Proceeds at Once to Blow Himself-On One of His Old-Time Hurrahs.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 22. - [Special.]-The Nat Goodwin Company reached here this week in a state of practical disruption. Its members speak very bitterly about Goodwin's conduct during the past fortnight. Fred Lotto, the comedian and stage manager, abruptly left the company at Columbus, O.

To-day the leading "old woman," Jean Clara Walters, insisted that her resignation be accepted, and the first "old man," Rob-ert G. Wilson, took a similar step. Good-win's agent has been frantically telegraphing to New York for sustitutes, and unless new actors arrive at once the company will

be crippled. One of the actors in the troupe said: "The trouble began in Columbus, where we played all the week. On Tuesday Nat kicked over the traces of temperance and started on one his old-time hurrans. As he always do these occasions, he ran against fare, and this time he was a winner of about \$500. When he came on the stage that night he was in a state so hilarious that his audience noticed it, and the newspapers gave him a rebuke next day. He did not improve dur-ing the week, either. Most of us would be glad to cancel our engagements if we could get other work."

LOIE FULLER TO BLAME

For the Very Latest Divorce Sult in The atrical Managerial Circles.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22 .- [Special.]-The atrical circles were excited to-day by the news that the wife of Manager Gustave Amberg had applied for a divorce in the Chicago courts. Mrs. Amberg was known on the operatic stage prior to her marriage as Marie Engle. She was an admirable soprane and had sung both in this country and abroad with marked success. Mr. Am-berg married her in this city about four berg married her in this city about four years ago. Last spring Loie Fuller, then in the height of her success as "the original serpentine dancer," fulfilled a special engagement at the Amberg Theater. At the same time she was under salary to Hoyt & Thomas, and for a week or so she appeared nightly in their Madison Square Theater, as well as at the Amberg. This led to a lawsuit, and ultimately resulted in Miss Fuller's withdrawal from the Madison Square.

the Madison Square.

A few weeks later it became known that the dancer intended to make a tour of Ger-many. The arrangements for her trip were

overlooking a porch roof. Clambering out, he walked along until he came to a window opening into a room occupied by his wife and two small children. Leaping through the window, Look went directly to the crib, in which lay sleeping his 19-month-old boy. The man's face revealed his purpose.

His terrified wife screamed for help, arousing Christopher Brown, a boarder, and throwing the household into a panic. Look walked to the mantel-piece, and, taking a walked to the mantel-piece, and, taking a razor from it, went back to the crib. Rais-ing the frightened child in his arms, he stepped through the window upon the porch roof again. Holding the child up in the air,

"If I cut your throat you will be an angel.

Jesus has commanded me to wash my face in your blood." in your blood."

The agonized mother turned away her head, unable to watch the butchery of her babe, as with one sweep of the keen blade Lock cut the boy's throat from ear to ear. Laying the bleeding form of the child upon the roof, Lock stooped, and plunging his hands into the warm blood, raised them to his face and washed it in the crimson fluid. The neighbors finelly succeeded in overcom-The neighbors finally succeeded in overcoming the man after a desperate struggle. He was taken to the jail at Conshocken, where he will be held to await the action of the

A SOUTHERN FLAG RESTORED.

Exchange Amenities.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Sept. 22 -At the pattle of Hanover, May 27, 1862, the Ninth Massachusetta Regiment exptured a silk flag from Company E, Cleveland Guards, Twelfth North Carolina Regiment. The heen kent in cently it was proposed to restore it to the company. To-day the flag, in charge of ive members of the old Ninth Massachusetts, arrived here.

The delegation was met here by the Mayor of Shelby and a committee, and was escorted to Shelby, where the ceremonies of restoring the flag to the old company were held. After speeches by the Boston soldiers and responses by the old members of the Cleveland Guards, the Boston delegation was given a banquet.

HENRY GEORGE CONVERTS.

Winnipeg May Be the First Community to

Test the Single Tax Scheme. WINNIPEG, MAN., Sept. 22.-For some time past there has been discussion among the citizens of Winnineg over the proposi tion of Mayor McDonald to make radical changes in the system of municipal assessment and taxation. This discussion resulted yesterday in a meeting of the Aldermen, members of the Board of Trade and citizens, who passed resolutions indorsing the single tax and similar theories of Henry George, and urging the City Council to adopt them in the management of Winnipeg's affairs. It is proposed to abolish the Board of Alnd have the city soverned by three salaried commissioners.

BAD TIMES IN THE ORIENT.

Big Banks in China and Japan on the Verge of Failure.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 22.-The steamship Belgie reports business at a standstill in China and Japan. The heavy losses made by the Hong Kong and Shanghai banks have almost paralyzed trade in Hong Kong. If one wants money he must apply at the banks from a week to a fortnight in advance. In Yokohama it is just as bad.

In Japan the tea crop was a success, but in many parts of China it was a failure. When the Belgic left Hong Kong the Hong Kong and Shanghai banks failed to pay a

AUTOMATIC SAFETY COUPLERS.

Congress Must First Establish a Uniform

Standard Height for Cars. DALLAS, TEX., Sept. 22 .- In the Switchmen's National Convention to-day the report of Secretary and Treasurer W. R. Simscott shows that 82 lodges have been organized in different sections of the country the past year. The treasury contains \$4,000, The adoption of a self-acting or automatic car coupler has engaged a great deal of the attention of the convention. It is conceded that unless Congress passes a law establishing a standard height for freight cars it is impossible to make one work successfully.

A RUNAWAY LORD CAUGHT.

He Had Jumped in Georgia After He Had Been Convicted of Forgery.

ROME, GA., Sept. 22.-A telegram was received here from Governor Flower this morping by the Sheriff, announcing the arrest of Lord Beresford, the Englishman, who was convicted of torgery and who ran away while out on bond, awaiting a new

Governor Northern wired Governor Flower to hold him.

UNIONTOWN, Sept. 22.—[Special.]—The Thompson glass factory, which has been maryland within its himts or the State of Maryland within its borders, and if they made by Amberg, and they sailed together. At last accounts Miss Fuller was dancing in one of the big gardens in Berlin, and action as her manager.

Thompson glass factory, which has been in placing their towns in a state of sanitary defense in accordance with the instructions. He stubbernly refused to reveal his heard, and after abusing the old man a long time double turn and the company has enough orders booked to keep running all winter.

Thompson glass factory, which has been in placing their towns in a state of sanitary defense in accordance with the instructions. He stubbernly refused to reveal him, putting his feet into the in placing their towns in a state of sanitary defense in accordance with the instructions def

SEPTEMBER 23.

He Is Connected With an Employment Agency Which Deals With Many

TOILERS FROM HAMBURG.

Cholera-Infected Houses in New York Are Under Quarantine.

A QUIET DAY AT SANDT HOOK.

The Polaria, New Due From Furope, May Turn Out to Be a Pest Ship.

PLAGUE NEWS PROM HOME AND ABROAD

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPARCE. New York, Sept. 22.—Only one new case of suspected cholera was reported at the Health Department to-day. The suspects in the Reception and Willard Parker Hospitals are closely watched. Louis Weinhagen, the patient from the Extra Place tenement, is convalescent. The doctors are not prepared to say whether Henry Engel, who was taken to the hospital from the Extra Place house as a matter of precaution, and Patrick Stew-ard, of 15 Morris street, have cholers. The bacteriologists reported that James Carr, the captain of the canal boat Harry Cahill. who died in New Brunswick, died of genuine Asiatic cholera.

Henry Frick, 55 years old, was hurried to the Reception Hospital to-night by the health authorities, who believe he is sick with the cholera. The man was suddenly seized with vomiting and diarrhos at 6 o'clock, and two hours later he was among the "suspects" on the floating hospital. Frick's apartments are above an immigrant employment agency, which has recently been visited by arrivals from Hamburg. It is believed that they brought the germs of the plague, which Frick contracted. The louse has been disinfected and quarantined.

The Houses Now Under Quarantine, Emanuel C. Aeschia, a letter earrier of 26 Suffolk street, was found sick with cramps at Madison and Jefferson streets, and was aken to the Government Hospital. The houses now under quarantine are Mrs. Gunther's, Extra Place boarding house; the Leoniger Baby's Home, at 411 East Fortysixth street; the Callahan House, at 318
East Forty-seventh street; the house at 14
Mott street, where a Chinaman died; Mary
Murphy's home, at 63 Cherry street and 11 Second street and 15 Morris street, where suspicious cases have occurred.

Outside of two deaths of children on Swinburne Island to-day there were no new

Swinburne Island to-day there were no new developments in the Lower Bay. Maria Jawrowitz, 2½ years old, who was removed from the Scandia September 11, died of broncho-pnenmonia, and Fesser Skelar, 2 years, removed from the Bohemia September 20, died of what appeared to be cholera. Dr. Byron reported that the other patients were out of danger and that no new cases have encested.

were out of danger and that he have appeared.

The Moravia's atterage passengers were taken from the ship this afternoon and sent to Ellis Island. The Wyoming's cabin passengers will be released from Fire Island and the Scandia's and Bohemia's cabin passengers will take their place.

The Polaria a Possible Plague Ship. The Polaria, a Hamburg immigrant ship, which sailed from Stettin with 150 passe gers in her steerage, and the Massilia, with 700 from Naples, are now due. Cholera may have developed aboard the Polaria, but Dr. Jenkins does not feel any particular

anxiety about her. A dispatch from Camp Low, Sandy Hock, says: No new patients were admitted to the hospital to-day, but there are five cases of diarrhea in the camp which are being closely watched by the physicians. The unknown infant who was suffering from the effects of neglect and starvation on the steamer Rugia at Hoffman Island, and who was reported better, has suffered a relapse and but little hope is entertained of its re-

There are 22 persons on the sick list in the camp, but the doctors declare most posi-tively that, with the exception of the case of Mrs. Gomez, there is no cholera here

The first case requiring that a resident of the camp be placed under arrest occurred this afternoon and created great excite ment.

The First Arrest in the Camp. Louis Glenwinkle, who had been beating his young and comely wife until she was a mass of bruises, because she objected to his spending all her savings and making love to another woman, was put in irons and will be given a diet of bread and water until

When the Normannia's passengers will be released and sent to land the camp-vacated tents will be thoroughly cleaned, fumigated and disinfected previous to their occupation by the passengers from the Scandis and Bohemia, who are expected to be worse affliced than those now in camp.

Dr. Vought announces that the passengers of the steamer Wyoming, at the Surf Hotel, will be released to-morrow, provided all are well. It is understood that when the Wyoming's passengers are released from Fire Island the cabin passengers of the Rugia will be transferred to the Surf Hotel.

NEW RAILROAD RULES.

Immigrants Must Have Certificates and

Ride in Jim Crow Cars. BALTIMORE, Sept. 22.-Dr. James F. McShane, Health Commissioner, has received from General Manager O'Dell, of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, a copy of an order relating to the transportation of immigrants. The order is the result of a conference of health officers and railroad officials held in Chicago, and conforms with the requirements of the Health Boards of Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Michigan, Kentucky, Missouri, Ohio, Iowa and Chi-

cago.
Under the regulations the immigrants must have certificates of inspection and dis-infection, and similar certificates must be attached to their baggage. The immigrants and their baggage must be transported in separate cars, and when there are other passenger cars in a train the cars containing immigrants must be placed at the end of the

PATTISON TAKES A HAND.

He Issues a Proclamation to Town Health Authorities and Citizens.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 22.—Governor Pattison has issued a proclamation, recom mending to all health authorities charged by law with the protection of the health and lives of their respective communities, whether boards or bureaus of health, health officers, health commissioners or borough councils, the utmost promptness and energy



THE POLITICAL SWORD SWALLOWER'S ATTEMPTED FEAT.

such authorities, but lend their active aid in enforcing the same.

FOSTER FEARS TROUBLE.

The Treasury Secretary Thinks the 20-Day Quarantine May Be Misinterpreted.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22. - [Special.] -Secretary Charles Foster was questioned to-day relative to the report that ex-Surgeon General Hamilton, of the Marine Hospital service, was relieved from duty at the quarantine camp at Sandy Hook preparatory to being appointed Assistant Secretary of the Treasury. In reply, the Secre-tary said he had nothing to say on the subject of Dr. Hamilton's promotion for the reason that it was a matter which has not yet been discussed in administration circles. Dr. Hamilton was detailed to come on from Or. Hamilton was detailed to come on from Chicago and assist in fighting the cholera at New York because he had some experience with that disease before. It was understood that as soon as the plague was undercontrol of the authorities he was to be relieved, with permission to return to his other duties in Chicago.

The Secretary says he believes that the cholera seems is practically over and the

The Secretary says he believes that the cholera seare is practically over and the New York authorities are competent to deal with it and keep it from getting a foothold in the United States. He anticipates, however, some trouble growing out of the 20 days' quarantine circular, so far as it relates to American citizens who want to return as steerage passengers. The present regulations practically prohibit immigration, and that was the real intent of the circular, but it was not intended to interfere with the poor American citizens who fere with the poor American citizens who desired to take advantage of the cheap transportation rates and visit their former nomes in Europe.

PECK TAKING HIS TIME.

New York's Labor Commissioner Promised to Be on Hand for Trial To-Morrow-His Friends Give Away His Line of Defense-The Partly Burned Papers Pho-

tographed. ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 22 .- [Special.]-Lawyer E. J. Meegan, Commissioner Peck's ounsel, said to-night that Mr. Peck will be in court Saturday, to be arraigned at 10 o'clock A. M. on the charge of destroy-

ing papers. District Attorney Eaton and ex-Senator Chase have gone to the expense of having a lot of charred and partly burned paper photographed. The pictures show signs of fire having come in contact with the papers at some time in their eventful history. What the papers were before disaster overtook them cannot be determined from the pictures. There was "reading matter" on them, and more or less writing with a pen, but there was no signature or official stamps

to show that they ever were official doon It is said at the Bureau of Labor Statisties that the answers to Commissioner Peck's circular letter, about which all this commotion is kicked up by the Cleveland free traders, were never stamped by the official stamp of the Labor Bureau, nor was the usual filing index placed upon them. This formality was omitted for the reason that they were never regarded as papers to be preserved in the office. the statistical information they contained was copied from them upon the office blanks, the replies had served their pur-pose and were thenceforth junk.

A telegram from Philadelphia says. Charles F. Peck, the New York Labor Commissioner, was in this city to-day, upon business connected with the office, but he declined to say what it was. He will return to Albany to-morrow.

NEW YORK CHINESE PROTEST.

They Hold a Mass Meeting Against the Geary Exclusion Bill.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22 -A large and respeciable audience gathered in the hall of Cooper Union to-night at the mass meeting held under the auspices of the Chinese Civil Rights League of New York City, to protest against the enforcement of Geary bill. The Chinese physician, Dr. J. C. Thom, presided, and spoke at length of the object of the meeting. The United States, he said, had violated its treaty stipulations. The Chinese are vicinity hash the chinese are vicinity of the chinese are vicinity of the chinese are vicinity. tims of both the great political parties. The following protest was adopted by the meeting:

We, the citizens of the United States in We, the citizens of the United States in mass meeting assembled, do hereby resolve and declare the said bill is monstrous, inhuman and unconstitutional, and we hereby pledge ourselves to the support of that protest against the said bill which has been entered by the Chinese Civil Rights League of New York City.

A MISER SHOWS TRUE GRIT.

Burglars Burn His Feet but Fail to Compel Him to Reveal His Hoard. LANCASTER, Sept. 22.-Three masked men on Tuesday night broke into the house of Lawrence Reynolds, an old and ecentric miser, three miles below Curryville, Pa. They demanded his money and on his re-fusal tortured him, putting his feet into the

WEAVER DARED OUTSIDE.

A Reporter Shames Him for Hiding Behind a Woman-He Tells the Third Party Candidate's Friends What He Knows About Him. COLUMBUS, GA., Sept. 22.-The Third

arty meeting here to-day drew together about 800 persons, one-third of whom were Third party men. General Weaver and Lease arrived this morning. the Opera House General Weaver spoke, denonneing the Democratiq party and charging to it all the evils of poverty and distress. He was followed by Mrs. Lease, who sailed into the Democratic party lively. She extolled Weaver and the Third party and was particularly savere on the Democratic press, and characterized the Atlanta Journal as a lying sheet and its representative as a liar. Thad Horton, the Journal reporter who got the affidavit of narties in Pulaski setting forth Weaver's brutality during the war, was on the stage and immediately sprang forward, stating he had affidavits in his pocket to prove the correctness of the Journal's report and would read them. Weaver declared that he had engaged the house and Horton should not read the affidavits. Great confusion of cheers and hisses ensued. Finally Horton was taken from the stage. He told Weaver that he could not resent the insult from a woman, that her sex protected her, but he would hurl the lie in the teeth of any man who would step outside. Afterward Horton made a speech in front of the Opera House, in which he upheld the publication in the Journal, and was fouldy cheered.

General Weaver and his party left in the afternoon for Macon. There was no demonstration at their departure, and but a hand-Weaver spoke, denouncing the Democratic

afternoon for Macon. There was no demon-stration at their departure, and but a band-

POWDERLY A REPUBLICAN.

As Between the Two Parties at Present, He Is Against Cleveland's.

WILKESBARRE, Sept. 22 -[Special.]-General Master Workman Powderly, of the Knights of Labor, and Chauncey F. Black, President of the State League of Democratic Clubs, met at the Delaware and Hudson Railroad depot in Hyde Park this morning. Mr. Black was taking the train for his home in York, Pa., after attending the annual convention of the Democratic clubs in Scranton. Powderly grasped the Democratic statesman warmly by the hand and said: "Can you tell me where Cleveland stands on the tariff question?" Mr. Black replied: "That's more than I can tell, although it you asked where I stood I would be able to tell you."

"I tell you what," said Powderly, "I don't think he knows where he stands. He is at sea. I used to admire that man, but since his meddlesome interference with the silver question I have lost confidence in him. As between the Republican and Democratic parties I am a Republican this

The stand Powderly takes will create a sensation in labor circles. He has always been a Democrat.

THE WRECK WELL PLANNED.

Kansas Will Be Scoured for the Osage City Would-Be Train Robbers.

TOPERA, Sept. 22.-Armed posses are ow scouring the country in every direction for the miscreants who wrecked the Santa Fe express train near Osage City yesterday. Further evidence has been secured showing conclusively that the wreck was well planned. Two through freights had passed over the track within half ah hour of the ill-fated passenger train, the last one having preceded the express train within five minutes and was waiting for it to pass at Osage City. In this short time the fish plates and spikes had been removed.

The Santa Fe Company has employed ex-tra detectives. It is impossible to get a statement from either the company or the Weils-Fargo people as to exactly how much money was in the express car. No information will be given concerning the box which contained the Mexican Central shipment, but it is supposed it was for-warded to Chicago. The wounded passen-gers were all rapidly recovering this morn-ing, except Mrs. Mary Lyman, of Bloom-ington, IlL, who, it is feared, will die.

AN OIL TOWN BURNED.

St. Petersburg, Once a Thriving City, at the Mercy of the Flames. OIL CITY, Sept. 22.-Lightning struck

the Opera House at St. Petersburg, Clarion

county, to-day and set it on fire. Most of the inhabitants were away attending the Greenville fair, and though the town had its usual supply of water, nothing could be done to stop the flames which spread till the 20 houses, comprising the main inhabited part of the town, were totally destroyed. St. Petersburg came into prominence in 1870 shortly after the drilling in of Marcus Huling's big well. In two years it was a city rivaling Ranseville in population and activity, and had banks, an Opera House and a newspaper. The wells decimed rapidly, and for the past ten years St. Petersburg has been practically a deserted vill-

THE GRAND JURY SAID TO LEAK,

Defendants in the Homestead Cases Supplied With the Testimor

HEARD IN CONFILE

Carnegie Officials Charged With and Murder.

Secretary Lovejoy Is Arrested and H. C. Frick and Others Give Up-All Waive a Reging and Give \$2,000 Bail Each for Court-The Unexpected Move Creates a Sensation-Mr. Frick Viens Homestead and Comes Away Well Pleased-Vice Chairman Leishman Contradicts a Widely Circulated Report-Adjutant General Greenland Coming To-Day-Cost of the Militia.

"There has been an ugly leak from the grand jury. All the testimony supplied in the hearing of the Homestead cases has been furnished to the defendants," County Commissioner Mercer said yesterday. Mr. Mercer refused to give any further information on the subject. added, however, that he was surprised at the complete web of evidence which had been woven about the men. The District Attorney had heard of the alleged leak on the part of the grand jury. He would not discuss it, however, About the Court House the alleged leak was generally known and was being discussed with considerable interest. The story was not the only sensation in connection with the Homestead matter.

A Positive Stir Created. The announcement that H. C. Frick, Secretary Lovejoy and other officials of the Carnegie Company had been arrested created a positive stir in the city. The report at first was not credited. Investigation, however, developed that Burgess McLuckie, of Homestead, had made informations before Alderman King against nearly all the Carnegie officials and seven of the Pinkerton agents for conspiracy and aggravated riot in connection with the

Homestead strike. After Secretary Lovejoy was arrested the other defendants went to the 'Squire's office, warved a hearing and gave bail for court. Informations were made against H. C. Frick, H. M. Curry, J. G. A. Leishman, Otis Childs, F. T. F. Lovejoy, L. C. Phipps, J. A. Potter, G. A. Corey, J. F. Dovey, Nevin McConnell, of the Carnegle interests, and Robert and William Pinkerton, John Cooper, C. W. Biddell, Fred Primer, W. H. Burk and F. W. Hines, of the Pin-

There are two separate informations, charging the defendants with aggravated riot and conspiracy. The information in the

conspiracy case reads as follows: The Charge in Detail. Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, city of Pittsburg, ss., vs H. C. Frick, H. M. Curry, J. G. A. Leishman, Otis Childs, F. T. F. Love-, joy, L. C. Phipps, J. A. Potter, G. A. Corey, J. F. Dovey, Nevin McConnell, John Cooper Robert Pinkerton, Wm. Pinkerton, C. W. Biddell, Fred Primer, W. H. Burk, F. W.

Hines.

Before me, the subscriber, F. M. King, an Alderman, in and for said city, personally came John McLuckie, who upon oath ad ministered according to law, deposeth and saith that in the township of Mifflin and elsewhere in the county of Allegheny, on fendants and others to the deponent un-known, did unlawfully combine, confederate, conspire and agree to-gether to depress the wages of labor in the county aloresaid and elsewhere, to incite riot, and the disturbance of the public peace, and cause public disaffection, and produce violence, disorder and breaches of the public peace, in the township of Mifflin, and the borough of Homestead, in the county of Allegheny, State aforesaid, by employing and fetching an armed body of nearly 300 men from other States than Pennsylvania to-wit: Illinois, New Jersey, New York, Indiana and Colorado and other places to your deponent unknown, and for the further purpose did unlawfully combine, confederate, conspire and agree together to bring into the State of Pennsylvanua a large number of men from these several States and elsewhere, who were not citizens of the State of Pennsyl vania or of the county of Allegheny, and arm the said imported men and have them embarked on a steamboat, in the county of Allegheny and transported to Mifflin township in the said county, under the disguise of watchmen, and in fact and in truth they were unlawfully armed with Winchester rifles and uniformed as an army, and that the said men belonging and being engaged to an agency called the Pinkerto

Positive Charges Made. That this armed force did, in the township of Mifflin in the county of Allegheny, incite riot, commit murder, produce disaffection and create breaches of the public peace and depress wages in the conspiracy and confederacy contrary to law. This information is made on information received. The information bearing on the riot case

"Before me the subscriber, etc., on July 6 did unlawfully, riotously, tumultuously and with arms and clubs assemble in the said township of Mifflin, and in the said county of Allegheny, and did with loud noise, tumult and riot, discharge firearms and other missiles, and did then and there kill, slay and hound divers good citizens of this Commonweaith, and did disturb the public peace to the terror and fear of divers good citizens of said Commonwealth. This information is made upon information re-

The Carnegie officials furnished \$2,000 bail, \$1,000 on each charge. None of the Pinkertons have as yet been arrested. It is expected they too will surrender. Reported Conference Denied.

A report was current on the streets last night that the Carnegie Steel Company had held a conference, at which they had decided to sign the scale for the Homestead mill. John Lieshman, Vice Chairman of the company, was seen last night. When asked if there was any truth in the rumor, he said: "It is so absurd that it is scarcely worth contradicting. The Carnegle Steel Company, when they entered this fight, did so with the knowledge of how long the strike would last and how it would be brought to a close. We would not even